NEW YORK STORE

The First Saturday

Sale Midsummer

Will be long remembered by economical buyers.

East Bargain Table. 25 pieces Lace Stripe White Goods, regular 12 1-2c quality, at 9c a yard. Center Bargain Table. 40 pieces Shantongs-good desirable patterns-worth 12 1-2c, for 4c a yard. East Aisle.

A limited quantity of 9-4 Bleached Sheets-worth 59c, for 35c each, while they last. 42 and 45-inch Pillow Cases, while they last, 5c each. 9-4 Bleached Sheeting-the 20c kind

-15c a yard.

PettisDry Goods Co

PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

Miss Anna Carter has returned from Max-inkuckee. Miss Zee Beaty will leave, on Tuesday, for the East. Mrs. T. L. Hale left yesterday for Chicago to visit relatives. Roy C. Breunig has gone to lake Maxin-kuckee for a few days. Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Thompson will go next month, to Nantucket. Mrs. Thomas Taggart returned, on Thursday, from Lake Maxinkuckee. Mrs. L. R. Hall and daughter Carrie will return from Veedersburg Thursday. Mrs. M. A. Woolen and family have re-turned home from Louisville, Ky.

Mrs. Fannie Morrison has returned from a visit of Leveral weeks in Columbus, O. Miss Percy Walker will go, next week, to Peru, for a month's visit with friends. Miss Conner will leave to-day for Asbury Park, where she will join her cousin, Mr. John Finch.

Delaware street, are the guests of Miss Mrs. Thomas Winterowd will go to Petoskey, Monday, to spend the remainder

Mrs. Chestina Mauzy, of Rushville, is Miss Emory, of Boston, is the guest of Miss Martindale at her home, on North Richard Herrick, of the Board of Public

afety, went to Maxinkuckee this morning Mrs. Philip Igoe and little daughter will go, on Monday, to Lake Chautauqua, to visit Mrs. Robert Miller. Miss Louise Pfaffin gave an informal mucale to a few friends last evening, at her

me, on College avenue. Miss Mary Rariden, accompanied by Miss Esther Haughey has gone to Marion for a visit of several weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Courtland Van Camp and

and other Eastern cities. Mrs. Butler and daughter Gertrude will go, next week, to Newaygo, Mich., for the remainder of the summer. Bishop John Hazen White was called to Evansville yesterday on account of the seri-

ous illness of the Rev. Mr. Jones. Miss Bessie Wilkinson, of East St. Joseph street, has gone to New York and other Eastern cities, to spend the summer. Mr. Charles N. Goode will give a dancing party to twenty of his friends, at his home, on North Meridian street, Monday evening Miss Amy Jacobs will leave, on Wednes-day, for LaPorte, where she will spend a month with her sister, Mrs. George F. Sey-

Miss Helen Irwin returned home, Thursay, from Europe, and is with her aunt, frs. Lockard, at her home, on North Dela-Mrs. V. W. Woodward and daughters Florence and Helen left last Wednesday evening for Knightstown, Ind., to be gone

Mrs. Mary Catherine Howard, of Colum bus, O., is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Charles O'Boyle, at her home, on North Pennsylvania street.

Mrs. Matthews and daughter, of Balti-more, are the guests of Mrs. Matthews's brother, Mr. W. C. Hall, at his home, on North Pennsylvania street.

Miss Catherine McBride and Miss Blanche King, who have been visiting with Miss Wilma Walk, of Goshen, have gone to Wawasee to spend two or three weeks at that resort with Mr. Walk's family.

Mrs. Thomas Winterowd was the hostess ladies partook of Mrs. Winterowd's hos-

Miss Louise Beck entertained a number of young people last evening at her home, on North Capitol avenue, in honor of Miss Jo-sephine and Mr. Oliver Eddy, who are the guests of Miss Louise Lilly. The evening was devoted to the telling of a floral love

Mrs. Henry Wallace gave a breakfast yesterday morning, at her home, on North Meridian street, in honor of Mrs. Gladding, of Memphis, Tenn., and Mrs. Anderson. After the early morning breakfast, the arty was driven to Allisonville in a brake. The guests included Mrs. Anderson, Mrs. Gladding, Mrs. Gates, Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. ameson, Miss Butler, Miss Beaty and Miss

Among the recent Indianapolis arrivals Among the recent Indianapolis arrivals at the St. Denis, New York, were W. A. Applegate, G. P. Cost, M. O'Connor, C. Weiland. M. F. Hollingsworth and daughter, C. A. Schrader, C. H. Schrader, E. M. Elliott and wife, G. J. Mayer and wife, E. E. Walker, Mrs. J. McFarland and children, F. C. Gardner and wife, L. W. Cooper and wife, I. J. Lawrence and wife, Misses Sparks, Mrs. H. Schmidlap, Miss D. Mayer

Mr. and Mrs. Coke Alexander gave a euchre party last night, at their home, No. 129 East St. Joseph street, in honor of Mrs. Blanche Schiff, of Chattanooga, Tenn. The house was very simply but tastefully decorated with palms and sweet peas. There were seven tables, and, after the playing was over, a two-course supper was served. The prizes for both the lady and gentleman were dainty pieces of china. The guests included a number of friends of Mrs. Schiff.

CITY NEWS NOTES.

Prof. N. C. Garvin, of Butler University, will preach at the South-side Christian Church Sunday at 10:45 a. m. The Rev. Abram Wright, D. D., of the Indiana Conference, will preach in Hydepark Methodist Episcopal Church, corner Illinois and Twenty-second streets, Sunday

Jno. M. Lilly, successor to the Indianapolis Mantel Tile and Mosiac Company, has secured the contract for the tile work at the State Normal School, Terre Haute. The work will be commenced in a few days. Next Thursday will be moving day at Acton camp meeting, and every one wishing advantage of railroad transportation w. Dashiell will preach the opening

Thomas Laffey, of No. 95 Agnes street, who took bug poison for salts Thursday night and then thought he was struck by lightning, was better yesterday and Dr. Long, the attending physician, said he will recover. It was only by vigorous treatment that he was saved from dying.

From Denver to Philadelphia. C. H. Mitchell and W. B. Taylor, two young men from Denver, Col., passed through the city yesterday. They are traveling on a wager, They left Denver June

计编长设计编长设计编长设计编长编长编 nfant Health It is a matter of vast importance to mothers. The manufacturers of the GAIL BORDEN BAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK asue a pamphlet, entitled "INFANT HEALTH," which should be in every home. Address, NEW YORK CONDENSED MILK CO., 71 Hudson

and they are to reach Philadelphia Aug. 5 and earn \$500 on the way, in order to win a bet of \$700. They are now eleven days ahead of time and they make what they can at the cities they visit by playing the mandolin and guitar.

PERHAPS IT WAS DUFFY.

Decomposed Body, Supposed to Be

that of a Suicide, Found. Two men found a badly decomposed body in a clump of willows at the foot of Mc-

Carty street and White river yesterday afternoon. The body was lying face downward. The clothing was rotting. The body was removed to the establishment of Collier & Murphy, where it was identified later by the clothing, as that of James Duffy, of No. 402 South West street, who has been missing since a week ago last Wednesday. The body was in such a condition that identification of the features was impossi-ble, and it is doubtful if a post mortem ex-amination can be held. Duffy was forty-eight years of age and left home in a bad humor. He had not been

working and he wanted his wife to give him money for drink. She refused and he left the house mad, saying:

"Good-bye, old gal."

He did not return and the family became alarmed. The police were notified, but the finding of the body yesterday led to the first information learned since the disappearance. The cause of death is a mystery. The indications point to suicide, but no weapons nor bottle was found near the body and if it was suicide the means is unbody and if it was suicide the means is unknown. There was a report last night that
the throat was cut, but if such was the
case it could not be discovered. The coroner
will make an examination to-day, to see
if the skull was injured, but nothing can be
told by the flesh. It is the opinion of the
police that it was a suicide. Duffy leaves a
widow and one child.

RETALIATING?

GOV. ALTGELD REFUSES TO HONOR GOV. MATTHEWS'S REQUISITION.

Action of Hoosier Executive in Bryan Case Recalled-Indignant Clay County Officials.

A slight breach of interstate comity came to light at the Statehouse, yesterday afternoon, which occasioned considerable sur-Miss Elsie Appel is the guest of Miss noon, which occasioned considerable sur-Ruth Pratt, at their summer home, on the prise among State officials. Last Tuesday Governor Matthews issued a requisition on Misses Nellie and Winnie Wiles, of North | the Governor of Illinois, and yesterday the document came back. Governor Altgeld had refused to honor it, and at a late hour yesterday evening he made no explanation. The person named in the requisition was John Williams, who is now in Illithe guest of her sister, Mrs. S. C. Parry, nois. Williams is wanted at Brazil for criminal seduction, and the officers of Clay county are anxious to get possession of him. The crime was committed four years ago. A sheriff's deputy from Clay county procured the requisition and started immediately for Illinois, and until yesterday it was supposed that he had obtained his

Yesterday afternoon the deputy prosecutor of Clay county came to the city and went to the office of the Secretary of State. He complained bitterly of the action of Governor Altgeld, who he said had refused to honor the requisition and deing son will leave to-day for New York | clined to explain his action. From the office of the Secretary of State the attorney went to the executive parlors, where he made complaint to Governor Matthews. The Governor could not understand why the requisition was not recognized in Illinois, and promised to look into the difficulty.

Some time ago a requisition came to Gov-rnor Matthews from Governor Altgeld for the arrest of David Bryan, and for a time the Indiana Governor declined to honor it. He understood that Bryan's difficulty had resulted from a land trade of some character, and he questioned the legality of the step taken by the Illinois authorities. It is thought by some that Governor Matthews's temporary refusal to honor the Bryan requisition created some displeasure on the part of the Illinois Governor. "I don't understand why the usual cour-tesy was not extended in this case," said Governor Matthews, yesterday, "although I have no other idea than that Governor

Altgeld has some good reason for his action. This Bryan matter could have made no dif-ference, because I signed the other requisition. Governor Altgeld and myself are on the best of terms, and I dare say I will get a letter to-morrow explaining the whole matter. This crime was committed four years ago, and it may be that the Illinois Governor thinks that the Clay county court had ample time in which to bring an indictment against Williams. Of course, I am only speculating, but I fully expect that the matter will be cleared up to-day."

GOSSIP OF THE TOWN.

claim that the artificial article had the yesterday afternoon, for a sketching party, at her home, on Morrison street. The guest of honor was Mrs. Schiff, and about twenty ried this idea of cleanliness as far as possible. Manager Dithmer, of one of the local ice companies, conceived the idea that the is no small factor in obtaining patrons. perhaps on the same line that the breweries have a keen eye to business in employing fat, healthy men to deliver their beer. On the roof of the plant which Mr. Dithmer has in charge, he constructed a large bath tub, with shower bath and accessories, and now the employes, particularly the men who deliver ice, are required to make frequent use of the tub. He has the idea that clean men delivering clean ice attracts

> "I noticed a story in the Journal last Sunday," said the man from Terre Haute, "about a fastidious tramp's appearance on the North Side. That reminds me of Bill Jones over at the Hut. Old Bill had been a pretty good man in his time, but booze and hard luck brought him to the fostering arms of the county and one day the poorhouse farm wagon drove up at his front door. Poor Bill had been waiting for the wagon; his red bandana, stuffed with all his belongings, was lying on the ground close by; his chin was resting on his gnarled wood cane.
>
> "'Now, Bill, cried out one of the neighbors, 'don't let 'em bulldoze you out to the farm. You are entitled to your board free and they dassen't make you work

free and they dassen't make you work. Stand up for your rights.'
"Tears came in Bill's eyes for a moment, then his face set in hard lines. He untied his red bandana and disclosed his pos-"'No, they dassen't make me work out there,' he whined, 'and what's more they ain't gone to. I'm going to read my book all day long (holding up a copy of Tenny-son.) 'An' if they try to take it away from me, I'll use this on 'em.' Bill held up a little 22-calibre revolver, which, with copy of Tennyson, constituted

entire fortune. He was well protected. "No, Bill didn't work at the poor farm much. The third day he was out there he picked off a cabbage leaf while in the garden and ate it. They had been troubled with caterpillars a good deal that year and Bill swallowed Paris green enough to make a meal for a hundred caterpillars. They found Bill dead in his room the next W. J. Dory's Attempt at Suicide.

W. J. Dory, of this city, attempted suicide by cutting his throat from ear to ear, at Fortville, early yesterday morning. Cards found in his pocket led to his identity trated by the shock. and indicated that he lived at No. 531 East Seventh street, and that his father lives at No. 24 Garfield place Dory did live at the number given on Seventh street until a few weeks ago. He was a stationary engineer, recently employed at the Atlas engine works, but he lost his position because of drink. Not long ago his wife secured a di-vorce from him because of his drunken-ness. Since then he has made frequent apeals to her to live with him again, promising to reform. Mrs. Dory told him to reform, and then come to her. Last Monday Dory called upon his wife and asked intercede for him the Atlas engine works. She refused to go. Dory called again Wednesday night, and said good-bye to her and their children. Yesterday Mrs. Dory received a letter written by him before he left for Fortville. In it he hints of suicide.

CHANGED THEIR TACK

DEMOCRATS' POSITION IN SULLIVAN COUNTY APPORTIONMENT CASE.

Mr. Ferd Winter Discusses the Recent Boswell Case-Judge Brown's Finding Compared.

Senator Wishard went to Sullivan yesterday to read the complaint filed to set aside the apportionment law passed by the last Legislature. A telegram was received from him during the evening, directed to Mr. Ferd Winter, who was one of the attorneys in the suit to overthrow the gerrymander act of 1891, an effort, it will be recalled, that succeded. A Journal reporter called on Mr. Winter last night to learn something of the nature of this complaint. In response to the question, Mr. Winter said:

"The suit is one brought by Ferd E. Bos-

ler against the county clerk, the sheriff

and the auditor of Sullivan county to re-

strain them from issuing the proclamation for an election under the apportionment act of 1895 for legislative purposes. It is alleged by the plaintiff that the last enumeration of population was made in 1889, and that under the requirements of the Constitution the apportionment for legislative purposes was made in 1891; that when this law was held to be unconstitutional, the succeeding Legislature passed another apportionment, which, the complaint alleges, is still in force. It is further set forth that the Legislature of 1895 passed an act over the veto of the Governor in 1895, which repealed the law of 1893, and then enacted an apportionment act. It is shown in the complaint that the apportionment of 1895 abolished the legislative districts of Sullivan, Vigo and Vermillion counties, which had been established by the apportionment of 1893, and this deprives plaintiff and other citizens of the rights and privileges of electors to which they are entitled under the Constitution. That is the substance of the complaint."

"What is the theory of the attack upon the law of 1895?" the law of 1895?"
"It is," resumed Mr. Winter, "that the Legislature of 1895 had no power under the Constitution to repeal the apportionment of 1893, or to enact an apportionment law, it being claimed that the act of 1893 was a constitutional and a valid apportionment. It is also claimed that the power of the Legislature was exhausted, and that it has no authority until 1897 to pas portionment, when a new enumeration shall have been made. This suit is based on a theory directly contrary to that announced by Judge Brown, who held that what the majority of the Supreme Court decided in the Parker case, which came up from Henry county, was obiter dictum, and that the question as to the constitutionality of the act was never really before the court, and that therefore the act of 1891 had never been declared unconstitutional. If he had taken any other view he would have been compelled to hold the act of 1893 for that contained all the objections which were found in the act of 1891 and which caused it to be declared void except that Brown county was not placed in two senatorial districts. In Bosler's complaint it is expressly alleged that the law of 1891 was decided to be unconstitutional. This allegation was, of course, necessary, because if the law of 1891 was not unconstitutional and void the Legislature of 1893 had no more power to pass an ap-portionment law than the Legislature of 1895. The Legislature of 1895 had exactly the same power to pass a law making an ing necessary blanks, W. B. Burford, \$87.50; apportionment as that of 1893. The right rebinding school books, A. G. Brandt & Co. in both cases depends upon the fact that there was no valid apportionment law in existence, the Supreme Court having declared the apportionment of 1891 void. When the Legislature of 1893 passed a new law it recognized that the constitutional

right and duty to make apportionments is continuing, and is not exhausted until a valid law has been enacted. The proposition that the enactment of an apportionment law at the time of the constitutional period exhausts the power of the Legislature over the subject when the law enacted is void because in violation of the Constitution, is utterly untenable. An unconstitutional law is no law at all. It does not bind a succeeding Legislature. The mandate of the Consti-tution to make the apportionment in ac-cordance with its provisions is in full force until a valid law is enacted. It is the duty of the succeeding Legislature to enact such a law. The Democratic Court of Appeals of New York so held, when there were objections by Republicans that the apportion-ment law had been passed by a later Legislature than the one prescribed by the Con-stitution. The fact that Judge Brown held the law of 1893 valid, amounts to nothing except as between the parties to the suit. If the law is, in fact, unconstitutional, there is no doubt that the Legislature of 1895 had the right to repeal it and to pass

a new law."

"Is this without precedent in Indiana?"

"There is nothing new in the Legislature repealing unconstitutional laws. There are other instances in which this has been done in Indiana without question. While the Legislature has the right to express its opinion as to the validity of a law by repealing it and enacting a new one in its place, the final decision, of course, rests with the Supreme Court. The sole question, therefore, in this case, is whether the apportionment of 1893 was valid. If not, then it was rightfully repealed, and the law of 1895, if it is in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution, is valid. It is not claimed in the Bosler suit that the law of 1895 violates the Constitution in any respect, except that it was not passed at the proper time. On the other hand, the apportionment of 1893 was as outrageous a gerrymander as was that of 1891, which the Supreme Court decided invalid. In that case it was decided that the failure to allow a separate representative to Jay county, which of itself had more than sufficient population than was needed to entitle it to one Representative. districts were formed, as well as gross inequalities in the population of many districts, were violations of the Constitution and made the act void. The act of 1893 copled the act of 1891 exactly in all these respects, except only in confining Brown county to one senatorial district. Unless the Supreme Court overrules the decision in the Parker case the act of 1893 must be held to be void, and the act of 1895 would therefore be valid. One noticeable thing in bringing the Bosler suit under Democratic auspices is the complete abandonment of the claim always heretofore persistently made, that the courts had no jurisdiction to inquire into the validity of apportionment laws."

swung them around to a position exactly the opposite to that assumed in the Par-ker case." Fitzgerald Purchasing Land. P. H. Fitzgerald, who is in Wilcox county, Georgia, buying land for his soldiers' colony, writes that he has purchased plenty of ground, at \$3.50 an acre. The lands contain improved plantations, orchards and vineyards. The health of the people in that section is good, he says, and the crops are bountiful. The soil is a dark gray loam, situated on a clay-pebble subsoil. The county seat of Wilcox county is 140 miles west of Savannah and seventy-five miles north of the Florida line.

Kuight's Reason in Danger. George Knight, an attorney of Brazil, who acidentally shot and killed John Wherle, the county clerk, Tuesday night, was brought to this city yesterday and placed in a santitarium. It is feared that he will lose his reason. The two men were neighbors. Mr. Wherle was late coming home and he took a short route through
Mr. Knight's yard. Mr. Knight mistook him
for a burglar and shot at him and when
he discovered his mistake he was pros-

A Record-Breaking Run. CLEVELAND, O., July 19.-A special train, consisting of an engine and four cars, Pittsburg to Cleveland over the Pittsburg & Lake Erie road, carrying 160 passengers, including Mayor McKenna, about one hundred wheelmen and a number of newspaper correspondents of Pittsburg, made a phenomenally fast run between the between the two cities over the route mentioned is 167 miles, and the actual running time of the train was two hours and twenty-nine minutes, lowering all previous records by nearly an hour. The party came to witness the start to-morrow morning of the bicycle road race between this city and Pittsburg, in which Cleveland and Pittsburg teams will participate.

Suicide of a Murderer. Drink, he said, was the cause of his ruin, and he wrote that it was impossible for him to live without his wife. He admonished his son to never drink, and sent love to his daughter. Dory's father is named William Dory and he is a well-known citizen. Edward Dory, a brother, owns a drug store on Bellefontaine street.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 19.—H. L. Smith, a condemned murderer, confined in the county jall, made an ineffectual attempt to escape, and, being overtaken, committed suicide in sight of his pursurers. A number of people joined jailer Thompson in the pursuit, and Smith, seeing that he would be overtaken, made for the river, and, jump-

ing in, sought to cross, but the rapid current carried him back to the shore. He was seized by one of his pursuers, when he suddenly drew out a razor and almost severed his own head from his body, dying instantly. Smith's crime was the brutal murder, three years ago, of John Wyant, an old rancher.

PROBABLY NOT CRONACHER

His Wife Wants the Irvington Mystery Further Investigated.

Yesterday Coroner Castor received the following telegram from Mrs. F. A. Cronacher, the wife of the missing banker and Jersey cattle breeder of Ironton, O .: "Investigate thoroughly the report of dismembered remains of body found in a box between boards near Irvington. Description tallies with that of F. A. Cronacher. An-

Coroner Castor made some further quirles regarding the few human bones found in an orange box, and he does not think they were those of Cronacher. There was a skull and the bones of two arms and one leg, and as they were cleaned of flesh, no one could identify any one by them. Cronacher disappeared from this city May 20, having come here to attend a cattle sale. It might be possible that he was murdered here and his body cut to pieces and a few of the bones buried near Irving-ton, but there is nothing to indicate that such was done. There are many persons who believe that the finding of the bones has more significance than has been given it by the coroner and detectives.

THE CLIQUE GOBBLES

SCHOOL BOARD MAJORITY CONTROLS ALL THE COMMITTEES.

No Outsiders Allowed in the One That Controls Contracts for Furniture and Supplies.

At the meeting of the Indianapolis School Board, last night, President Martindale announced the committees for the year as

Finance and Auditing-Messrs. Russe, cott and Adam. Building and Grounds-Messrs. Roth, Vonegut and Loeper. Furniture and Supplies-Messrs. Adam, Text-books and Course of Instruction-Messrs. Galvin, Appel and Adam. Training-Messrs. Martindale, Roth, Loeper and Vonnegut. Appointment of Teachers and Salaries-Messrs. Appel, Adam and Vonnegut. High Schools-Messrs. Blackledge, Gal-

in and Hendrickson. German, Music and Drawing-Messrs. oeper, Vonnegut and Russe. Heating, Hygiene and Janitors-Messrs. Scott, Roth and Russe. Judiciary, Districts and Boundaries-Messrs. Hendrickson, Roth and Russe. Public Library-Messrs. Vonnegut, Russe, Roth, Adam and Galvin.

Citizens' Library Advisory Committee-Dr. H. G. Carey, Mr. John A. Finch, Mrs. A. C. Harris and Mrs. Morris Ross. On each of these committees the clique has a majority, while on the important furniture and supplies committee the clique has gobbled the entire membership.

The committee on furniture and supplies recommended that contracts for the ensuing year be awarded as follows: For print-\$285; supplies, including stationery, blackboard erasers, ink, pens and crayon, Baker & Thornton, Journal Job Printing Company, Bowen & Merrill, A. H. Andrews of Chicago, Kipp Bros., Indiana Paper Company, Burford Burris-Herzsch Company, W. B. Burford, Sentinel Printing Company, Renager & Rhi-nart, Taylor & Taylor, Sullivan & Mahan, Charles P. Lesh; furnishing chemicals and supplies for Industrial Training School, Queen & Co., of Philadelphia, \$571.09; soding ground at Industrial Training School, James West, \$170; heating apparatus for schools Nos. 4 and 9, Stumpf & Thiele, \$1,075. The contracts will not be formally awarded until the next meeting of the The board's attorney, C. A. Dryer, sub-mitted a communication advising the board

to institute a suit against the township trustee for that part of the dog tax fund due the schools for the years 1891, 1892 and 1893. The attorney estimated that the board's proportionate share of the fund would be \$12,000. He thought the suit should be brought before the expiration of the term of the present trustee. Commis-sioner Hendrickson objected to the sult. He declared that this dog tax fund had always been a prolific source of revenue for the School Board attorneys. On motion of Commissioner Roth the board voted

to bring the suit. A communication from the school trus-tees of Woodruff Place asked that the board renew the contract which permits the school children of the suburb to attend the city schools. The trustees agreed to pay to the treasurer of the board the entire school revenue collected in Woodruff Place for 1896, which amounts to about \$1,-200. The matter was referred to the finance committee. Some of the commissioners thought that the Woodruff Place people should pay more than they did last year for school privileges, since they would enjoy the benefits of the new training school. Commissioner Hendrickson at the close of the meeting indulged a little satirical thrust at President Martindale.
"I would like to say," observed the commissioner, with a twinkle of the eye, "that the president has not yet acknowledged his election to the presidential chair. I think this is an opportune time for the president to make a speech, and if he does not, the commissioners may think that he is not grateful for the honor done him. Will the president talk to us briefly? We

"Move we adjourn," sang out Commissioner Roth, who saw that the president was not enjoying Mr. Hendrickson's humor. Before the latter could proceed the members left their desks and the president's speech was deferred.

THE CUBAN REVOLUTION.

More Alleged Victories by the Spanlards-Bandit Shot by Gomes. HAVANA, July 19 .- A strong force of insurgents recently attacked a detachment of Spanish troops at Guandon, near Baracoa, province of Santiago de Cuba. The troops made a gallant defense, and after two hours of fighting the insurgents were obliged to retire, leaving many dead and

Major Tejeda, of the volunteer forces, has dispersed a band of insurgents between Corojal and Mounts Santa and Rita. The insurgents left two dead and one wounded on the field and in addition the troops capture two prisoners.

Antonio Suarez, who was an insurgent brigadier the last insurrection, and Lopez Levia, an accountant of the city of Conin the district of Villa Clara, have joined the insurgents. Luis Guaserez, of Juan de las Yeras, in the district of Villar, has raised a band of insurgents and burned the village of Ma-In the province of Puerto Principe, the insurgent leader, Gomez, has caused the former bandit, Leova, more recently a captain in the insurgent army, to be shot for accepting money for allowing a supply of cattle to enter the city of Puer's Prin-The Men ants' Patriotic League of this city has handed to the government the sum of \$20,400, to be used in purchasing small vessels in New York to be converted into gunboats for river service.

More Troops for Cuba.

MADRID, July 19 .- Six additional batteries of artillery will be sent to Cuba during the present month and during the month of September reinforcements to the num-ber of thirty thousand troops will be dispatched to that island under the command of Generals Pola and Vija.

Swedes Will Hear American Songs. CHICAGO, July 19.—The American Union of Swedish Singers is going to Europe six hundred strong to sing American songs in Sweden, Norway, England and France. "Star-spangled Banner" and "Way Down Upon the Suawnee River," in the opinion of the singers, will be the most popular pieces. The plan is to charter a steamer and sail direct from New York to Gothenberg, Sweden. Concerts will be given in the principal cities in that country, and also in Copenhagen, Hamburg, Paris and

SOVEREIGN SAYS NATIONAL BANK NOTES MUST BE BOYCOTTED.

lanifesto That, if Obeyed by Workingmen. Would Act as a Boomerang -Would Not Hurt Banks.

WASHINGTON, July 19 .- At the Treasury Department it was said that the plan of Mr. Sovereign, of the Knights of Labor. of boycotting national bank notes if car ried out would prove more harmful that beneficial to the labor interests of the country, as it would contract the currency to the extent of \$211,000,000 without injuring the national banks. "It would not hurt the national banks at all," said Mr. O. P. Tucker, deputy Controller of the Currency. "If people should refuse to receive their notes, the banks would simply present them to the United States treasury for redemption and receive legal-tender notes, which they would continue to use in their business. There are only \$211,000,000 of national bank notes in circulation, while there are \$950,000,000 of other kinds of money out-

Sovereign's manifesto, which has not been Labor, the Farmers' Alliance, the People's party, Reform Club and kindred societies. It will recite "the wrongs of the toiling thousands, and their sufferings at the hands of the money-making power," and the rescuing party penetrated the fallen call for a boycott on national bank notes in all dealings between individuals. It is to go into effect Sept. 1. An advance draft | Wednesday evening. The men were all of the circular or manifesto was seen last alive and unhurt, but they looked the night. It holds that "the national banks are resposible for the destruction of the greenbacks, the payment of bonds in coin, the funding acts, the demonetization of silver, and all the corrupt financial legislation in this country for the past thirty years. They have boycotted and discriminated against every kind of money that promised relief to the debtor class and property to relief to the debtor class and prosperity to the industrial masses. They are boycotters of the most cruel and merciless kind. This mines. The men had proceeded from the boycott will precipitate the great conflict with the people on one side and the banks on the other, and the issues will be as drew Jackson with the old United States of the mines was suspended, and as many bank sixty years ago. It will force the corporations and every form of private entrance of the dismantled shaft were set mononpoly to take sides in the contest. * to work. The managers of the mines * The struggle of 1896 must result in vic- formed the rescuers into relays and the American liberty is lost, and recovery impossible through methods now sanctioned by law. On and after Sept. 1, 1885, let every Knight of Labor and every person whose love of justice is above the sordid interests of the tyrants refuse to accept national bank notes in payment for wages, produce, or in payment of any debt or obligation not made necessary by the limited legal-tender qualities of the notes. Boycott notes of national banks," says the circular,

Mr. Sovereign emphatically stated that was obligatory in every Knight of Labor to obey the order after the date named. "Not only that," said he, "but we expect similar orders to be issued by the heads of all sympathetic organizations.

merican Fishermen in Trouble-"Accident" During the Excitement.

CAPTURED BY CANADIANS.

DULUTH, Minn., July 19 .- A report comes from Crane lake of an encounter there between American citizens employed by the Arion Fish Company, with headquarters at. that place, and Canadian officials. The trouble arose over the Canadians taking up and confiscating the nets set in Namekon lake by the fish company on the grounds that they were placed in Canadian waters. Eight men belonging to the Arion company started out in search of their nets, when suddenly three boats filled with Canadian officers darted out from behind an island and pursued them. The little steamer May Carter, on her way to Crane lake, came along, and the captain put on all the steam possible to rescue the fisher-men. In the excitement the Carter struck one of the Canadian boats, smashing it in pieces and spilling four officials into the lake. Three of the fishermen also fell overboard, but no one was drowned. The Carter picked up all the fishermen except H. E. Fincke, Emil Emis and William Sim, who were captured by the Canadians and taken to Fort Francis.

WEATHER BUREAU FIGURES. Temperature Records Morning and Last Night.

The local forecast official of the Weather Bureau furnishes the following observations taken yesterday at the places and hours named: 7 a. m. 7 p. m. Bismarck, N. D.

1	Bismarck, N. D	54		
ı	Rapid City, N. D	64		
1	Pierre, S. D	58		
ı	Huren, S D	54		
	Yankton, S. D	60		
ı	St. Vincent, Minn	52		
ı	Moorhead, Minn	50		
3	Duluth, Minn	56		
١	St. Paul, Minn	00	. 6	
8	North Platte, Neb	01		
ı				
ı	Valentine, Neb	80		
ı	Omaha, Neb	65		
ı	Des Moines, Ia	70		
ı	Davenport, Ia	68	5510	
ı	Keokuk, Ia	68		
ı	Concordia, Kan	70		
ı	Dodge City, Kan			
ı	Wichita, Kan	70		1031
ı	Kansas City, Mo	68		
8	St. Louis, Mo	70		
ı	Springfield, Mo			
8	Chicago, Ill			
8	Springfield, Ill			
8	Cairo, Ill		50 P	
ı	Marquette, Mich	54		
8	Grand Haven, Mich	70		
ı	Indianapolis, Ind	70		
8				
ı	Louisville, Ky	80		
•	Cincinnati, O	78		
		00		
8	Parkersburg, W. Va	12		
9	Pittsburg, Pa	68		
3	Pittsburg, Pa	10		
ı	New lork, N. I	10		
ı	Boston, Mass	66		
8	Washington, D. C	10000		
ı	Charlotte, N. C	78		
B	Atlanta, Ga	76		17.0
B	Jacksonville, Fla			
9	Chattanooga, Tenn	78		
9	Nashville, Tenn	80	g i	100
ă	Memphis, Tenn	80		
	Vicksburg, Miss	78		
ı	Fort Smith, Ark	82		
ı	Little Rock, Ark	78		
i	Oklahoma, O. T	78		
ä	Amarillo, Tex	68	200	
8	Abilene, Tex	76	511	
6	Palestine. Tex	80		
ı	Palestine, Tex	79		
	Galveston, Tex	99		
	Shreveport, La			
	New Orleans, La	99		
V	Helena, Mont			
10	Havre. Mont			
ä	Havre, Mont	50		13
	Denver. Col	54		
	Denver, Col	60		
	Salt Lake City, U. T	62		
	Balt Lake City, U. I	40		

Friday's Local Observations. Bar. Ther. R.H. Wind. W'ther. Prec. 7 a. m. 30.02 78 75 South. Pt.Cldy. 7 p. m. 30.01 75 80 N'west. Cloudy. Maximum temperature, 93; minimum temerature, 70. Following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation on July

Departure from normal..........*5 Excess or deficiency since July 1. -46 Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1 .- 250 -15.23 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official. Forecast for Saturday.

WASHINGTON, July 19.-For Indiana-Showers; variable winds. For Illinois-Fair, except showers in extreme southern portion; variable winds. For Ohio-Showers; cooler in southeast portion; variable winds. Chief Moore's Plans.

WASHINGTON, July 19 .- The following was issued to-day by Willis L. Moore, chief of the Weather Bureau: "It is the desire to make the monthly weather review, issued by the Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, at Washington, D. C., of more general interest to the public and to issue the same not later than fortyfive days after the close of the month for which it is a record, instead of six months after, as it is now issued. Notes by the editor will take a wider range and will also include extracts from the editorial columns of the different State service publications. Special papers prepared by mem-

bers of the staff of the chief will first appear in this publication, all articles prepared during office hours being considered the property of the bureau. The statistical tables will continue with slight modifications, forming, as they do, one of the most complete presentations of climatological data of any country in the world. The result of investigations now under way for the purpose of improving the official forecasts and all future investigations into the philosophy of storms will appear from thine to time in this publication."

Gale at Findlay. FINDLAY, O., July 19 .- For five minutes this afternoon this city was swept by a terrific storm of rain, wind and hail. Hun-Jreds of shade and fruit trees were blown blockading the streets in many places. The tower of the First Methodist caucch was blown down, as was the bell tower of the Central fire station. Part of the steeple of the First Lutheran Church is down. Several barns were unroofed and snifted on their foundations, and a dozen biggies were blown over. Nearly every awning in town was blown away and a number of plate-glass store fronts were wrecked. The globe and chimney-glass factory was also unroofed.

011 Derricks Leveled. FREMONT, O., July 19 .- At 3 o'clock the wind struck the Kansas oil field, several miles west of here. It swept a clean path four hundred feet wide entirely through the field, tearing down many trees and level-ing thirty oil-well derricks.

NINE MINERS RESCUED.

ssued, will be addressed to the Knighte of | Entombed for Many Hours, and Without Food or Water. IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., July 19 .- Hundreds of people surrounded the shaft of the Pewabic mine last night at 1 o'clock when rock and reached the chamber where nine men had been imprisoned since 6 o'clock worse for their experience, as they had no drinking water and nothing to eat. They had drifted into the fallen rock from their side twenty feet. Superintendent Brown had nourishment ready for them, and their homes. The cave-in occurred just second level to the first when a pillar be-came dislodged and tons of earth and rock came down, blocking the entrance to sharply drawn as in the struggle of An- the shaft. All work in the other portions

> The Peoria Wreck. PEORIA, Ill., July 19.-Rumors of a rail road wreck near here in which six people were killed or injured lack confirmation. There has been no wreck excepting that on the Peoria & Pekin Union last night, in which Miss May Wright lost her life. That wreck, besides causing the death of Miss Wright, resulted in the serious injury of a traveling man named Cohen. Six other passengers were also more or less injured.

General Manager Barnard, of the Peoria & Eastern road, in speaking of the rearend collission yesterday morning, in which a P. & E. freight train ran into a Chicago, a P. & E. freight train ran into a Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis passenger train, said that there is ample evidence that the crew in charge of the freight train was not the least in fault. The passenger train had no signals on its rear car, and the brakeman who was sent back to flag the P. & E. train stopped to hunt up his rubber coat, as it was raining. He was also a crippled man, and is said to be unfit for such service.

Storm and Railway Wreck. IOWA CITY, Ia., July 19 .- Four and onehalf inches of water from a cloudburst, north of this city, last night, caused great damage to crops. Five hundred feet of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern tracks were washed out. Ralston creek went out of its banks and carried off bridges, sidewalks and fences. Several families in their night clothes waded out of their houses in four feet of water. The Rocky mountain "fiyer" from the West, on the Rock Island, was ditched three blocks west of Iowa river. The fireman had a leg broken. en. The passengers were badly shaken up. The rails are washed out between Iowa City and Downey. There are no trains from the East or West.

Five Firemen Injured. PHILADELPHIA, July 19.-While going to a fire to-day a hose carriage attached to engine company No. 18 was overturned at Nineteenth and Vine streets. Five of the firemen on the carriage were seriously injurd. C. Rider's skull was fractured, and he was so badly brujsed that he died in a few minutes after his admission to a hospital. Peter Collins, William McMahon William Murphy and Patrick O'Connell all received serious injuries.

Another Dead and One Dying. LA JUNTA, Col., July 19.-Engineer Mark Wickens, who went down with the Santa Fe bridge at Monument, died at the railroad hospital here, making the total number of fatalities thus far four. Brakeman Gardner is rapidly falling and he is not expected to survive. The others in-

jured are doing well. Absent Shawnees Want \$850,000. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 19.—Ex-State Senator W. J. Buchan is in Kansas City, on his way to Washington, to present the claim of the absentee, or Missouri, Shawnee ndians, now on the Canadian river, in the Indian Territory, for \$850,000 for twenty square miles of land on the Mississippi river, below St. Louis, which was relinuished to the government by treaty in 825, and for which the absentes claim to have received no benefit. It is one of the largest Indian claims ever presented to the government by absentee Indians, and the proceedings in the United States Court of Claims will disclose much of the thrilling istory of the Shawnees from the time they became separated in Pennsylvania at the breaking out of the revolution, and were scattered in roving bands throughout the West and South.

Alaska Overboomed. TACOMA, Wash., July 19 .- Mrs. Hattie Wills, a Tacoma woman, who went to Alaska last winter, writes from Circle City, in the interior of the Yukon, that the country has been overboomed, and many prospec-tors will leave this fall. Provisions are running short, and what can be had are very high priced.

Musical instructions given in singing-Italian method. Voices tested free. Church ncert, oratorio and operatic singing. Pupils prepared for foreign study.

MARY M. SHEAD.

Halcyon Block



"Take Off Your Flesh and Sit In Your Bones"

is a way to be comfortable in Summer, said a wit. Would relieve you, too, of all Summer ailments. Cannot do the impossible though.

The mercury gives an additional jump now and then. You acknowledge its power by your physical exhaustion-or rather did-for now

Johann Hoff's Malt Extract is always with your bag en routeon your table, at home, sea shore or in the mountains. Why Because it counteracts all the effects of hot weather. Aids digestion. Cures wakefulness, indigestion and nervousness also.

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CHURCH NOTICES. Baptist.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH - Northeast corner of New York and Pennsylvania streets. Rev. D. J. Ellison, pastor. No preaching services, the congregation uniting in union services at the First Presbyterian Church. Sundayi school at 9:30 a. m.: B. Y. P. U. at 6:45 p. m. Regular prayer meeting Thursday evening.

Christian. CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH-Sunday by Prof. A. R. Benton; Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m.

Congregational. PLYMOUTH CHURCH-Musical service at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Selections from Wagner, Guilmont, Beethoven, etc. W. H. Donley organist. Admission free. No collection, All are invited.

Episcopal. ST. PAUL'S CHURCH-New York and Illinois streets. G. A. Carstensen, rector. Holy communion, 8:45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon, 10:45 a. m. No evening

Methodist. CENTRAL-AVENUE METHODIST EPIS-COPAL CHURCH-Corner of Central avenue and Butler street. Rev. Henry A. Buchtel, D. D., pastor. Sermon at 10:45 a. m. by Rev. J. W. Dashiell, D. D. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; Epworth League service, 6:45 p. m. No evening service. MERIDIAN-STREET M. E. CHURCH -Corner of New York. Preaching at 10:30 a. m., by H. C. Weakley, D. D., of Cinnati, and at 7:45 p. m. by the pastor, C. N. Sims, D. D. Evening subject, "Figs from Thistles." Sunday school and class meeting at 9:15 a. m. Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Midweek prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:45. All are cor-

ROBERTS PARK M. E. CHURCH-Corner Delaware and Vermont streets, Rev. T. I. Coultas, D. D., pastor. Class, 9 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. by the pastor. Morning subject, "Burden Bearer;" evening subject, "Happiness." Sunday school at 2:15 p. m. Epworth League at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Thurs-day evening at 7:45.

NEW CHURCH CHAPEL (Swedenborgian) 333 North Alabama street. Rev. W. L. Gladish, minister. Sunday services, 10:45 a. m.; subject of sermon, "Is Sunday Observance Obligatory?" Sunday school, 9:30. Thursday evening, meeting at pastor's home, 905 North Delaware street.

New Church.

Presbyterian.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH outhwest corner Pennsylvania and New sey streets. The congregations of the First Baptist Church and First Pres-byterian Church will unite in union serv-ices to-morrow, at 10:45 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. Charles H. Little. No evening service. Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m. Society Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting on Thursday even-ing, at '7:45 o'clock. All are cordially in-

MEMORIAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-Corner of Christian avenue and Ash street. Rev. Frank O. Ballard, pastor, Sunday school, 9:15 a. m.; Lot Lee, super-intendent. Preaching by Rev. J. E. Brown, Muncie, Ind., 10:30 a. m. Young People's Society Christian Endeavor, 6:45 p. m. No evening services. Thursday evening, prayer and conference meeting, 7:45. Strangers are cordially invited to all the

TABERNACLE CHURCH-Corner Meri lan and Second streets. Rev. J. A. Rond-thaler, D. D., pastor. Rev. W. B. Dunham, associate pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by the associate pastor. Sunday school, 2:15 p. m. Y. P. S. G. E., 3:30 p. m. Preaching in West Washington-street and Mount Jackson chapels at 7:45 p. m.

Sealed Proposals. trol of The Institute of the Bilb 1, 10. the Basor and hatterial necessary for the erection of a greenhouse on the lot of The Institute for the Blind, according to the plans and specifications and general conditions prepared by L. H. Gibson, architect. Plans may be obtained from his office, No. 6: East Market street. Bids will be received up to 4 o'clock on the 8th day of August, 1895, reserving the right to reject any or all bids. BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

The Board of School Commissioners Indianapolis will receive sealed proposs on or before July 31, 1895, for the following supplies, viz.: Twenty-one vises, 514-inc jaw; 21 14-inch flat bastard files; 21 14-inc half round bastard files; 21 14-inch half round smooth files; 21 12-inch square bastard files; 21 file brushes; 84 asst. file handles; 2: 4-inch machinist squares. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

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GENTLEMEN: I desire to express my heartfelt thanks to you for my marvelous restoration to health. I was sick for many years with a bad case of diabetes which made me very thin and weak. I also suffered much loss of sleep, having to get up so many times at night to pass urine, and also great annoyance from thirst that water would not satisfy. A few months ago began to follow your instructions in regard to diet

Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm.

It is a grand medicine. I used three bottles, and, thanks be to God, am a well man again. I have not felt so good or taken more interest in life for many years. You are at liberty to publish this if you desire, as I would be glad to be the means of calling the attention to victims of diabetes to a remedy that will give them a LOUIS PHILLIPS,

Columbus, Neb. THE MOELWAINE-RICHARDS CO.,

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